

## NUMERICAL ANALYSIS TRIAL EXAMS WEEK 14 EXERCISES

Solve the given set of exam by hand and then check the result by using computer programs, grade your exam

### EXAM I

#### QUESTION 1

Following data is given find a least square curve fitting formula by using the given data

$$f(x) = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2$$

x	y=f(x)
0	1
0.1	1.11
0.2	1.24
0.3	1.39
0.4	1.56
0.5	1.75
0.6	1.96
0.7	2.19
0.8	2.44
0.9	2.71
1	3

**QUESTION 2**  $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8$  is given. Find the root in the region  $xl=0.1$   $xu=3.0$  by using **bisection method**

**QUESTION 3** Solve the following integral by using Gauss-Legendre integration method. N=4

$$I = \int_{x=0}^{2} (x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8) dx$$

N	$x_k$	$c_k$
4	-0.861136311594052	0.347854845137447
	-0.339981043584856	0.652145154862546
	0.339981043584856	0.652145154862546
	0.861136311594052	0.347854845137447

**QUESTION 4** Solve the differential equation by using fourth order Runge-Kutta method. Initial condition  $x=0$   $y=1$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y(x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8)$$

#### Runge-Kutta with fourth degree polynomial solution RK4:

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + (1/6) * (k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4)h$$

$$k_1 = f(x_i, y_i)$$

$$k_2 = f(x_i + 0.5h, y_i + 0.5k_1h)$$

$$k_3 = f(x_i + 0.5h, y_i + 0.5k_2h)$$

$$k_4 = f(x_i + h, y_i + k_3h)$$

This equation can be given as Butcher tableau as:

0	0	0	0	0
1/2	1/2	0	0	0
1/2	0	1/2	0	0
1	0	0	1	0
-	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6

**QUESTION 5** Find the minimum of function by using Newton-Raphson Method

$$f(x) = \frac{15x}{(4x^2 - 3x + 4)} \text{ the range of } 0 \text{ to } 10.$$

**QUESTION 6** Find the smallest eigenvalue of the given matrix

Orijinal Matrix :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 12.70000000000000 & -1.20000000000000 & 0.00000000000000 \\ -1.20000000000000 & 9.70000000000000 & 0.00000000000000 \\ 0.00000000000000 & 0.00000000000000 & 22.50000000000000 \end{array}$$

inverse Matrix :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 0.079671457905544 & 0.009856262833676 & 0.00000000000000 \\ 0.009856262833676 & 0.104312114989733 & 0.00000000000000 \\ 0.00000000000000 & 0.00000000000000 & 0.0444444444444444 \end{array}$$

## EXAM II

**QUESTION 1**

Following data is given find a least dquare curve fitting formula by using the given data

$$f(x) = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2$$

x	y=f(x)
0	0.5
0.1	0.675
0.2	0.9
0.3	1.175
0.4	1.5
0.5	1.875
0.6	2.3
0.7	2.775
0.8	3.3
0.9	3.875
1	4.5

**QUESTION 2**  $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8$  is given. Find the root by using starting value  $x_0=0.5$  by using **Newton-Raphson method**

**QUESTION 3** Solve the following integral by using Gauss-Legendre integration method. N=4

$$I = \int_{x=2}^4 (x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8) dx$$

N	$x_k$	$c_k$
4	-0.861136311594052	0.347854845137447
	-0.339981043584856	0.652145154862546
	0.339981043584856	0.652145154862546
	0.861136311594052	0.347854845137447

**QUESTION 4** Solve the differential equation by using fourth order Runge-Kutta method. Initial condition  $x=2$   $y=1$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y(x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8)$$

**Runge-Kutta with fourth degree polynomial solution RK4:**

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + (1/6) * (k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4)h$$

$$k_1 = f(x_i, y_i)$$

$$k_2 = f(x_i + 0.5h, y_i + 0.5k_1h)$$

$$k_3 = f(x_i + 0.5h, y_i + 0.5k_2h)$$

$$k_4 = f(x_i + h, y_i + k_3h)$$

This equation can be given as Butcher tableau as:

0	0	0	0	0
1/2	1/2	0	0	0
1/2	0	1/2	0	0
1	0	0	1	0
-	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6

**QUESTION 5** Find the minimum of function by using Golden search Method

$$f(x) = \frac{15x}{(4x^2 - 3x + 4)} \text{ the range of 0 to 10.}$$

**QUESTION 6** Find the smallest eigenvalue of the given matrix

Orijinal Matrix :

$$\begin{array}{cc} 12.70000000000000 & -1.20000000000000 \\ -1.20000000000000 & 9.70000000000000 \\ 0. & \end{array}$$

inverse Matrix :

$$\begin{array}{cc} 0.079671457905544 & 0.009856262833676 \\ 0.009856262833676 & 0.104312114989733 \end{array}$$

EXAM III

**QUESTION 1**

Following data is given find a least square curve fitting formula by using the given data

$$f(x) = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2$$

x	y=f(x)
0	3
0.1	3.21
0.2	3.44
0.3	3.69
0.4	3.96
0.5	4.25
0.6	4.56
0.7	4.89
0.8	5.24
0.9	5.61
1	6

**QUESTION 2**  $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8$  is given. Find the root by using starting value  $x_0=0.5$  by using **Secant method**

**QUESTION 3** Solve the following integral by using Gauss-Legendre integration method. N=4

$$I = \int_{x=0}^{1} \frac{\pi}{2} (1 - x^2)^{0.5} dx$$

N	$x_k$	$c_k$
4	-0.861136311594052	0.347854845137447
	-0.339981043584856	0.652145154862546
	0.339981043584856	0.652145154862546
	0.861136311594052	0.347854845137447

**QUESTION 4** Solve the differential equation by using fourth order Runge-Kutta method. Initial condition  $x=0$   $y=1$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y^2(x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8)$$

**Runge-Kutta with fourth degree polynomial solution RK4:**

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + (1/6) * (k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4)h$$

$$k_1 = f(x_i, y_i)$$

$$k_2 = f(x_i + 0.5h, y_i + 0.5k_1h)$$

$$k_3 = f(x_i + 0.5h, y_i + 0.5k_2h)$$

$$k_4 = f(x_i + h, y_i + k_3h)$$

This equation can be given as Butcher tableau as:

0	0	0	0	0
1/2	1/2	0	0	0
1/2	0	1/2	0	0
1	0	0	1	0
	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6

**QUESTION 5** Find the minimum of function by using Secant Method

$$f(x) = \frac{15x}{(4x^2 - 3x + 4)} \text{ the range of } 0 \text{ to } 10.$$

**QUESTION 6** Find the dominant eigenvalue of the given matrix

Orijinal Matrix :

12.700000000000000	-1.200000000000000	0.000000000000000
-1.200000000000000	9.700000000000000	0.000000000000000
0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000	22.500000000000000

inverse Matrix :

0.079671457905544	0.009856262833676	0.000000000000000
0.009856262833676	0.104312114989733	0.000000000000000
0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000	0.044444444444444